

REPUBLIC OF ESTONIA MINISTRY OF CLIMATE





EVERSHEDS

EU TAXONOMY IMPLEMENTATION AND SUSTAINABLE FINANCE ROADMAP FOR ESTONIA AND LATVIA 13.07.2023



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The views expressed herein can in no way be taken to reflect the official opinion of the European Union.

Opening of the workshop

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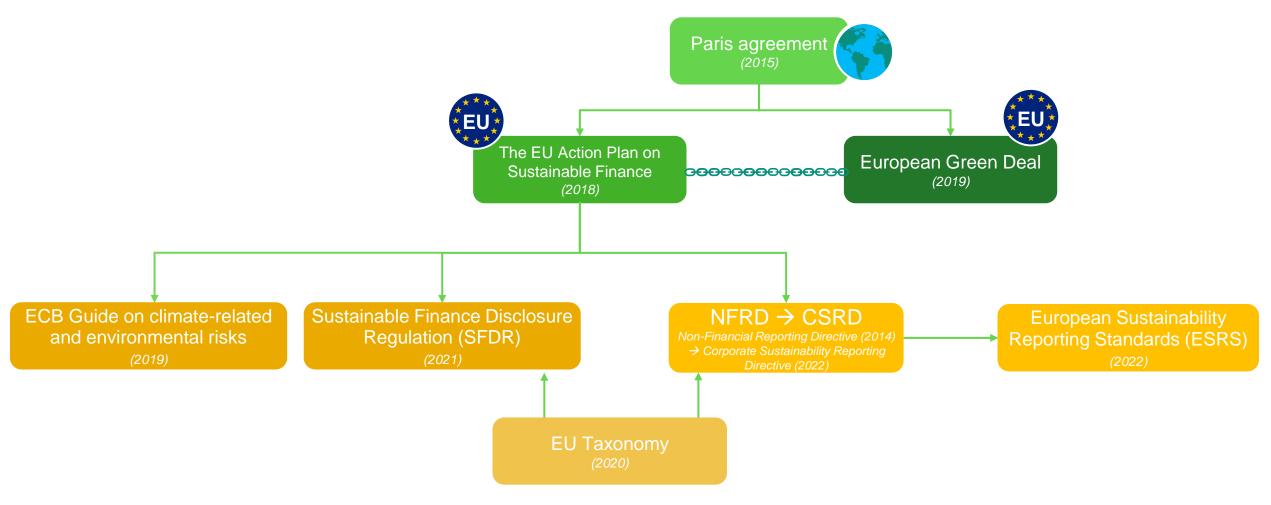


Mr. Ints Dālderis

Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Latvia Advisor to the Minister of Finance

Recap of the project

Context for sustainable finance in the EU





Key questions for implementation



2.

- What is the starting point for implementation of sustainable business principles in Latvia?
- What is the market readiness for implementation of the ESG regulatory framework?



4.

- What are the drawbacks and missing links?
- How the market can be supported to better meet the regulatory requirements and successfully transition to more sustainable business models?



How to facilitate efficient use of financial and capital market instruments for that purpose?

Project focus

Analysis of existing ESG readiness of the market participants across diverse sectors

ESG reporting practices, interviews, analysis of publicly available information and statistics Analysis of the regulatory environment and potential barriers that might hinder implementation of the ESG regulatory framework and use of sustainable finance

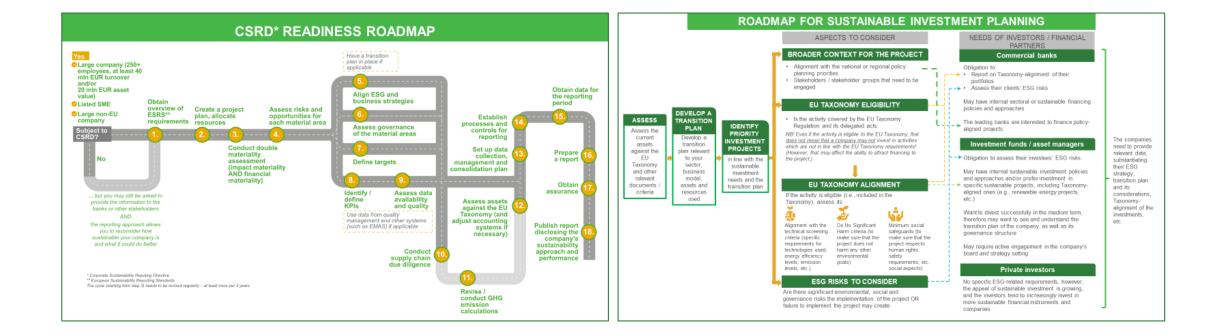
Legal analysis, investor surveys, review of practices outside Baltics

Development of practical CSRD and Taxonomy-readiness roadmaps for companies

Case studies, schematic roadmaps, discussion in stakeholder workshops (February 2023) Development of Sustainable Finance Roadmap with policy recommendations for the policy making authorities

To be discussed today

Practical roadmaps for companies



Today's focus - policy recommendations

Awareness and education	² Empowering market participants	Ensuring accountability	 Public sector as a role model
Development and operations of a Knowledge Hub	Incorporation of sustainability objectives into the corporate	Green labelling	Alignment with public policy planning and implementation
Increasing market competencies	governance structure of enterprises	Control environment	Sustainable state and municipal investments
	Stewardship initiative		Regional cooperation and alignment
	Empowerment of financial sector and capital markets		

Sustainable finance and sustainable economic development in Latvia

Panel discussions

- Practical implementation of the EU regulations

 the role of the knowledge hub and
 awareness raising
- 2.

Market readiness – stewardship of the financial sector and ability of the non-financial sector to embrace the opportunities of sustainable finance and sustainable investment



Public sector as a role model in implementation of sustainability principles



Panel discussion 1

Practical implementation of the EU regulations – the role of the knowledge hub and awareness raising

Sustainable Finance Roadmap

Awareness and education	² Empowering market participants	Ensuring accountability	⁴ Public sector as a role model
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Sustainable finance and sustainable economic development in Latvia

Main challenges



Lack of information and understanding which ESG regulations apply to a specific company, what is the timeline and the interrelation among diverse regulations



Insufficient knowledge and practical skills in applying and implementing the regulatory requirements at the specific company



Lack of supporting information and data, including comparative sector-level data (especially important for the financial sector and investors)

Development and operation of a Knowledge Hub

Approach

- Source of information for various types of stakeholders
- Provision of support and guidance (ESG Support Platform)
- Facilitation of promotion and
- Mapping and ensuring data availability
- Regular information on sustainable
- Cluster-based structure coordinated by MoF

Expected results:

- Create a platform for setting sustainable finance landscape in Latvia
- Provide guidance to financial and non-financial sector stakeholders
- Bridge the gap

Primary responsible authority:

Ministry of Finance

Other stakeholders:

- Bank of Latvia, sectoral ministries
- Data holders
- Business organisations, NGOs

Implementation:

- Establishment of the expert cluster and planning of its operations
- Development of version 1.0 of the hub (ESG Support Platform)
- 03Platform

(1-12)months)

(13-24

months)

Medium-term

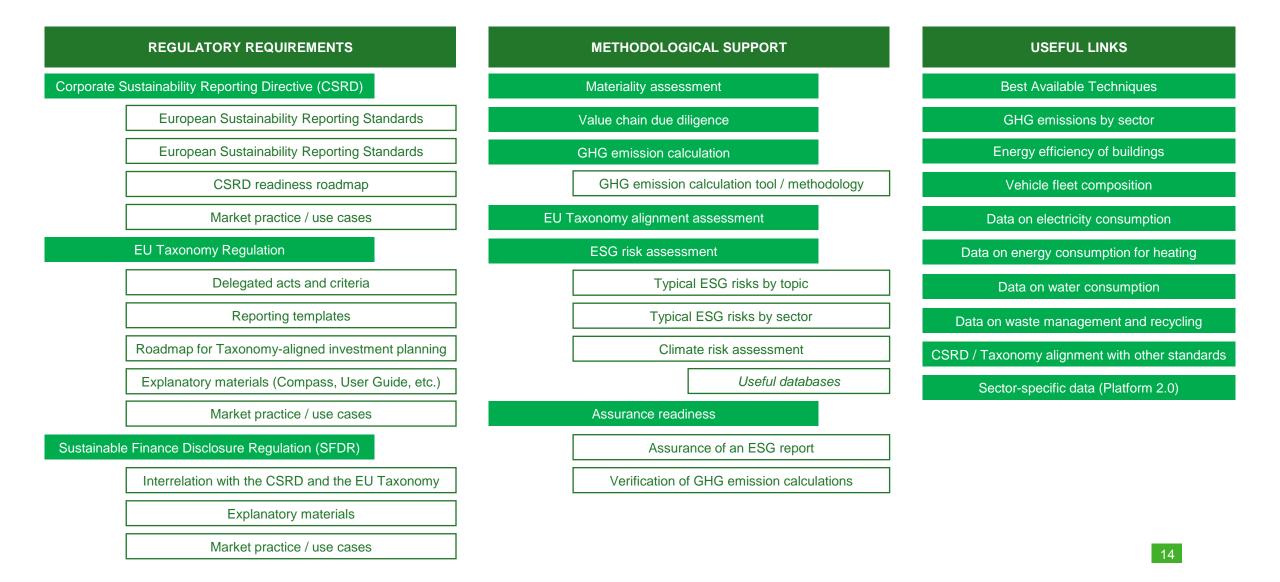
Short-term

- Launch of the ESG Support
- Identification of data needs, existing data sources and respective data holders, as well as relevant data that is currently unavailable and will need to be gathered separately

Ensuring access to data, potentially in Open Data Portal Short-term

Medium-term

Initial structure of the ESG Support Platform



Increasing market competencies

Approach

- Facilitation of education opportunities
- Integrated approach
- Programs aimed at enhancing policy makers' understanding
- Enhanced use of existing education programs and activities for financial and non-financial sector companies and other stakeholders
- Gradual integration of sustainabilityrelated matters in formal education

Expected results:

- Facilitate effective framework
- Fast-track to uptake in sustainable finance and sustainable development
- Availability of knowledgeable experts in the market

Primary responsible authority:

- Ministry of Finance
- Ministry of Climate and Energy

Other stakeholders:

- State Chancellery, School of Public Administration
- Bank of Latvia
- Investment and Development Agency
- Ministry of Education and Science
- Business organisations, private sector

Implementation:

- Collection of information on education programs made available by stakeholders (information collected by the Knowledge Hub)
- Preparation and adoption of the sustainable finance awareness raising and education action plan for the public sector
- O3 Setup of a training program for non-financial sector companies (by the Investment and Development Agency of Latvia – if necessary, in addition to the existing opportunities)
- O4 Development of guidelines, materials and methodologies for teaching sustainability and integrating it into existing programs in universities
- 05 Development and launch of a specialised Master level program on sustainable finance

Long-term (exceeding 24 months)

Short-term

Medium-term

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Control environment

Approach

- Review of sustainability-related information and further use of data
- Use of the European Single Access Point as a one-stop-shop directory
- Integration of sustainability-related data into the section on annual reports in the Electronic Declaration System (EDS)
- Integration with other ESG data reporting needs
- Educating the market on best practices of reporting
- Monitoring of reporting development

Expected results:

- Access to data
- Multiple uses of reported data
- Streamlined reporting practices

Primary responsible authority:

- Ministry of Finance

Other stakeholders:

- State Revenue Service
- Other state institutions
- Bank of Latvia
- Finance Latvia
- Auditors' Association of Latvia

Implementation: Implement duties of Member Medium- to States according to the European long-term Single Access Point Regulation Map the currently diverse $\mathbf{02}$ reporting requirements of different Short-term state institutions with the CSRD topics Define mandatory CSRD reporting 03topics for specific sectors, if applicable Develop EDS add-ons for Medium-term sustainability-related data Collect and provide best practices 05for reporting on the ESG Support Platform – complementing them with expert comments Review of reporting quality and 06additional market education on A regular most specific mistakes and activity once drawbacks, if necessary a year (implemented by the Knowledge Hub)

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Panel discussion No. 1

Practical implementation of the EU regulations - the role of the Knowledge Hub and awareness raising

Moderator



Coffee break 10 minutes

Panel discussion 2

Market readiness stewardship of the financial sector and ability of the nonfinancial sector to embrace the opportunities of sustainable finance and sustainable investment

Sustainable Finance Roadmap

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Sustainable finance and sustainable economic development in Latvia

Main challenges



Acting in the best interests of a beneficiary – how to balance profit with long-term sustainability goals and limit management liability for higher risks?



For financial sector – **how to mitigate potential conflict** between pursuing sustainability and maintaining financial stability? **How to harmonize understanding and expectations** with other market participants?



Undeveloped capital markets – how to facilitate that private and public companies **use** capital markets for financing needs, also for sustainability projects?



Growing demand for sustainable investments – how to encourage development of green bonds and other **EU Taxonomy aligned financial products**?



Accountability for sustainability-related information – **how to create a common approach** for labelling financial products and services aligned with EU Taxonomy? **How to promote transparency** and **inform investors** about sustainable options?

Incorporation of sustainability objectives into the corporate governance structure of enterprises

Approach:

Privately and state / municipal owned enterprises:

- Adoption of sustainability strategy
- Fostering green issuances from SOEs
- Creation of sustainability committee
- Stakeholder engagement

State and municipal owned enterprises:

- Letter of expectations
- Sustainability objectives as an integral part of company's operations
- Fulfilment of sustainability objectives

Expected results:

- Sustainability objectives in governance and decision-making process
- Privately owned enterprises follow the example made

Primary responsible authority:

• Ministry of Justice

Implementation:

- 01 Update of Latvian Corporate Governance Code (also in line with the expected updates in the OECD guidelines)
 - 2 State guidelines requiring stateowned enterprises to incorporate sustainability objectives into letter of expectations and strategy

Short-term - (1-12 months)

Mediumterm (13-24 months)

Stewardship initiatives

Approach

- Common understanding of ESG objectives by the financial sector and its clients
 Harmonization of understanding and expectations:
- Unified approach for clients
- Expectations from regulatory authorities are aligned
- **Contents and objectives:**
- Desired level of Taxonomy alignment and recommended sources
- Adjusted borrower-based measures

Expected results:

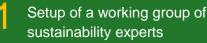
- Adopted stewardship code in Latvia
- Common approach towards clients
- Aligning sustainability objectives with prudential requirements

Primary responsible authority:

- Bank of Latvia (limited role)

Implementation:

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Short-term

Development, adoption and publishing of stewardship code

Long-term ←(exceeding 24 months)

Empowerment of financial sector and capital markets

Approach

- Continued development of green and sustainable products
- Cost reduction, streamlining of information

Financial sector:

- Consumer and enterprise-oriented products
- Information on sustainable investments for 2nd Pension Pillar

State and municipal institutions:

- Tapping into capital markets
- Public Sustainable Financial Instrument Issue Plan

Expected results:

- State and municipalities are entering capital markets
- More sustainable investment options

Primary responsible authorities:

- Ministry of Finance
- Ministry of Climate and Energy
- Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development
- Bank of Latvia (limited role)

Implementation:

- Activities to promote use of sustainable finance instruments are included in the draft Financial Sector Development Plan 2024-2026
- Cabinet of Ministers adopts Public Sustainable Financial Instrument Issue Plan
- Bank of Latvia publishes guide on sustainable financial instruments
- Ministries set targets for sectoral policies to implement sustainable finance instruments
- 15 Industry develops an approach on how to foster development of new EU Taxonomy-aligned loan products



Green labelling

Approach

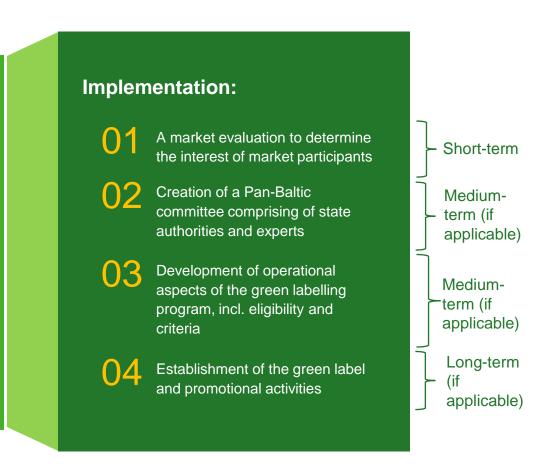
- Substantial advantages and cost reductions
- Market research on the potential demand
- Common Pan-Baltic approach Engagement of experts
- Eligibility and criteria, certain alignment with EU Taxonomy

Expected results:

- Pan-Baltic green labelling program
- Development of green financial products
- Steering investors towards sustainability
- Access to new investor pools

Primary responsible authority:

Ministry of Finance



Panel discussion No. 2

Market readiness - stewardship of the financial sector and ability of the non-financial sector to embrace the opportunities of sustainable finance and sustainable investment



Panel discussion 3

Public sector as a role model

Sustainable Finance Roadmap

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Sustainable finance and sustainable economic development in Latvia

Main challenges



State and municipal institutions **should prioritize sustainability** by incorporating targeted policy planning and tailored incentives to **drive the sustainability agenda on a large scale**



Sustainable public investment (procurement) and transition activities in sectors such as energy, transport, water management, and data transmission should be a **key focus for state and municipal institutions and enterprises**



State and municipal institutions need to enhance their expertise in sustainability and prioritize long-term goals over short-term measures, while updating procurement practices to prioritize sustainability over cost

Alignment with public policy planning and implementation

Approach

- Sustainability considerations integrated in all public policy decisions
- Public sector education on UN SDGs and EU Green Deal goals
- Integration into draft decision annotations
- Integrated solutions to major sectoral

Expected results:

- Increased awareness of the public sector on its role in sustainable development
- Integrated approach to policy planning
- Efficient use of limited resources
- Clear priorities for citizens and businesses

Primary responsible authority:

State Chancellery

Implementation:

- Preparation of an overview and 01data on the current status of SDGs and Green Deal goals and the following priorities, presentation to state and municipal entities

03

- Organisation of an annual update and clear communication of the goals and implementation status
- Update of the draft policy document annotations (both on government and municipal level)
- Definition of cross-sectoral priorities aimed at achievement of sustainability goals
- Setup of a pilot cross-sectoral integrated policy planning group and development of an integrated plan
- Medium-term

Short-term

Annually,

Short-term

Short-term

starting in 2024

Sustainable state and municipal investments

Approach

- Development of procurement policies to procure sustainable, green products and services
- Procurement policies require certain sustainability and EU Taxonomy alignment

Operations:

- Procurement Excellence Centre
- Best practice sharing between various state and municipal authorities

Expected results:

- Promotion of Procurement Excellence Centre in Estonia and Latvia
- Sustainable state and municipal infrastructure, e.g. energy efficient buildings, electric vehicles
- Encouraged private companies to enhance their readiness to participate in green, sustainable procurements
- By 2030, 25% of all procurements at least in value should be classified as green

Primary responsible authority:

- Procurement Supervision Office

Implementation:



Set-up / Promotion of Procurement Excellence Centre in Estonia and Latvia

One-fourth (or 25%) of all procurements conducted in Latvia (alternatively – procurement value) are classified as green procurements Mediumterm

Long-term

Regional cooperation and alignment

Approach

- Coordination of a Pan-Baltic approach to sustainable finance
- Information exchange on sustainable finance regulation
- Set-up of an ad-hoc expert group at Pan-Baltic level
- Set-up of joint policies or solutions

Expected results:

- Clarity and transparency across the region
- Regionally streamlined EU policies
- Resource efficient support tools and solutions for businesses

Primary responsible authority:

Ministry of Finance

Implementation:

- Agreement on regular information exchange on sustainable finance developments within the existing cooperation framework for the Ministries of Finance set up by the Pan-Baltic Memorandum of Understanding (2017)
- Creation of an expert group depending on a specific topic requiring Pan-Baltic approach and coordination and the mandate to work on it at national level
- A pilot project on joint solutions (e.g., one Knowledge Hub platform with basic information applicable to all countries)

Short-term

Upon necessity

Mediumterm Panel discussion No. 3

Public sector as a role model in implementation of sustainability principles





Senior Partner of **Eversheds** Sutherland Bitāns





Latvia,

Parliamentary

Secretary to the

Prime Minister



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ANDA SMILTĒNA

Justice

Deputy State Secretary for

Chief Expert of the Financial Market Policy Department at the Ministry of Finance

IMANTS

TIESNIEKS

Legal Policy at the Ministry of

Feedback by Ministry of Justice

Public sector as role model. Sustainable practices have emerged as one of today's most pressing challenges. We have to ensure that actions taken today do not threaten the well-being of future generations as enterprises become more sustainable. State and municipal enterprises, as well as state institutions themselves, should set an example and inspire private enterprises and society as a whole to become more sustainable. The Ministry of Justice believes that discussions with stakeholders and the general public guarantees that corporate decision-making is transparent, responsible, and democratic. Such discussions can lead to more effective decision-making and more durable solutions; additionally, public engagement will aid in its development and fulfillment of common goals.

Feedback by Ministry of Justice

Awareness raising. The Ministry of Justice agrees that sustainability issues are challenging not only for the private sector, but also for the public sector. It is necessary for both of these sectors to cooperate, grow, and develop together. Public sector also needs competent and well-informed personnel to ensure a focused state direction towards achieving overarching sustainability goals.

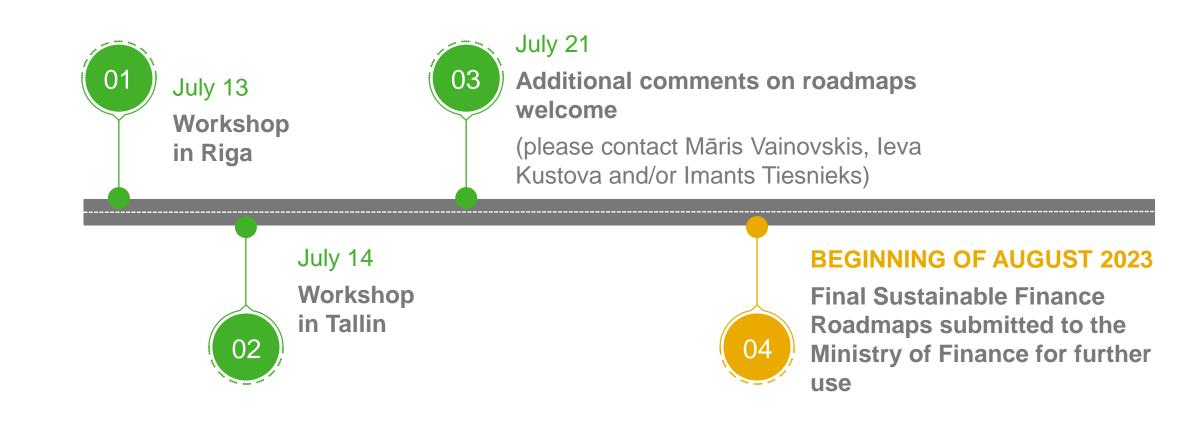
There is a strong need for greater awareness raising regarding sustainability issues and public procurement. As the public sector is the largest purchaser of goods and services, it is crucial for it to transition to sustainable practices by providing additional advantages to sustainable enterprises, including in public procurement. Such practice would be decisive in creating a significant demand and supply of sustainable goods and services in the local market. Moreover, this practice will facilitate the development of sustainable business practices and promote economic growth.

Feedback by Ministry of Justice

Pan-Baltic cooperation. Cooperation between the Baltic States has always been essential in the development of our countries. This cooperation has contributed to the development of our region and strengthened the position of our countries in the international arena. Cooperation in the field of sustainability among the Baltic States would not only strengthen our region but also promote sustainable development throughout the European Union and on a global scale.

Next steps

Further stakeholder involvement





Thank you!

Contact details for inquiries about the Project and comments on the policy recommendations:



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